## United States Court of Appeals

FOR THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA CIRCUIT

No. 00-5308

September Term, 2001

Filed On: November 21, 2001 [640094]

Viateur Commeree.

Appellant

v.

Alan M. Hantman, Architect of the Capitol, Appellee

Consolidated with 00-5309, 00-5310, 00-5311

Appeals from the United States District Court for the District of Columbia
(No. 97cv00242)
(No. 97cv01632)
(No. 97cv02398)
(No. 98cv01875)

Before: SENTELLE, HENDERSON and TATEL, Circuit Judges.

## JUDGMENT

These cases were heard on the record from the United States District Court for the District of Columbia and on the briefs and arguments by counsel. After according the briefs and arguments full consideration, the court has determined that the issues occasion no need for a published opinion. *See* D.C. Cir. Rule 36(b).

We affirm the district court's dismissal of appellant Commerce's Americans with Disabilities Act claim because the record establishes that Commerce was not "otherwise qualified" within the meaning of the Act. *See* 42 U.S.C. § 12112; *see also* Congressional Accountability Act, 2 U.S.C. §§ 1311, 1331 (extending the ADA to congressional employees). Like the district court, we base this conclusion in part on the March 21, 1996 letter from Commerce's doctor to Lawrence Stoffel,

Superintendent, Senate Office Buildings. Commerce cannot object to our reliance on this letter as he himself submitted it—in triplicate—to the district court in response to Appellees' motions to dismiss.

Reviewing de novo Appellant's retaliatory dismissal claim, we find that Commerce failed to state a claim upon which relief can be granted. FED. R. CIV. P. 12(b)(6). The record indicates that Appellees fired Commerce because he refused either to return to his job or to accept a position better suited to his abilities. This is a legitimate rationale for terminating an employee: Contrary to appellant counsel's assertion at oral argument, the law does not generally grant employees the right to continue to receive payment for jobs they decline to perform. Commerce points to nothing in the record to suggest that this legitimate rationale for his termination was pretextual.

In all other respects, we affirm substantially for the reasons given by the district court.

ORDERED that the judgment of the district court be affirmed.

The clerk is directed to withhold issuance of the mandate herein until seven days after disposition of any timely petition for rehearing. *See* D.C. Rule 41(a)(1).

Per Curiam

**FOR THE COURT:** Mark J. Langer, Clerk

BY:

Michael C. McGrail Deputy Clerk